Fair; warmer; northeasterly winds.

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TOMLINSON USED LEXOW AND THE LOYAL LEGION FOR REVENGE.

onfesses That His Charge of Bribe Taking Made Against the Former Excise Commissioner Was Untrue - Meantime the Loyal Legion Has Expelled Andrews

By the testimony of Edgar A. Tomlinson before the Lexaw Investigating Committee, Wil-Ham S. Andrews, formerly Street Cleaning ommissioner, was branded as a bribe taker. Yesterday a statement was made public, in which Temlinson declares that his testimony sefore the Senate Committee was false from be ginning to end.

At the session of the committee on Thursday Nov. 1, 1894. Tomilnson, who was Chief Inpecter of Excise from 1888 to 1889, testified that in December, 1887, when Andrews was an Excise Commissioner, he gave Andrews \$500, which Mrs. Tomlinson had received from Louisa maude, keeper of the notorious Maison Tortoni h Lexington avenue. The money, according to he testimony of Mrs. Tomlinson, who had preeded her husband on the witness stand, had been given to her by Mrs. Chaude to spend, as familiasen thought best, to secure an excise beense for the Tortoni. Mrs. Chaude's applicaton for a license had been denied on Oct. 26.

Tomlinson swore that he told Andrews what the money was for, and that Andrews took it and said he would see what could be done. A leense was issued on Dec. 24, 1887, to a man mmed Lewis, a butcher, from whom Mrs. Chaude bought supplies, and to whom she had gren a bill of sale of the stock and fixtures of the place. Near the close of Tomlinson's testisony Senator O'Connor asked him the followbg questions:

Q.-Have you any feeling against Mr. Andrews? A Yes, I have.

-Yes. I have.

Q. Intense (selling? A.—Yes.
Senator Found.—So intense that it would cause you
bewear faisely? A.—No.

When Tomlinson had stepped down from the siness chair Mr. Audrews, who had sat close n the witness while he was giving his testisony, arose and asked to be permitted to deny he story. Mr. Goff, who was counsel for the smmittee, informed Mr. Andrews that he rould have to make his denial under oath. Mr. Andrews-That Is what I want to do.

Mr. Goff - And be cross-examined. Mr. Andrews - That is what I want.

Mr. Goff made the lateness of the hour the neuse for refusing to permit Mr. Andrews to w sworn. Then Mr. Andrews turned to the

committee and said:

Why, Senators, in common decency you cought to permit my sworn denial of this infamous faisehood to go out to the public along with this story. This man has threatened to riin me. He wrote me a threatening letter

min me. He wrote me a threatening letter some months ago."

Mr. Goff insisted on an adjournment, and an adjournment was taken.

Mr. Andrews was a member of the Loval Lerion. The disclosures made by Tomithson and a charge also brought out before the Lexow Committee that he had misappropriated money beonging to a veteran of the war, named Toplyon, were brought to the attention of the erder. A committee, of which Gen. Horace Porter was the Chairman, made an investigation. Tomir son was called before the committee and repeated substantially the story he had lod before the Lexow Committee. The Loyal legion committee reported in favor of expelling Mr. Andrews from the order, which was jonest the annual meeting of the Legion, held her the annual meeting of the Legion, held her the story here the prought soit for clauder.

some at the annual meeting of the Legion, near last December.

Mr. Andrews then brought suit for slander grainst Tessiinson, through Rosa & Putzel, sayrista 261 Broadway, placing his damages at \$25,000. Temilinson has no money, and it was not damages, but a chance to disprove Tom-

andrews wanted.

The papers in the suit were served last May.
The papers in the suit were served last May.
Tomlinson, through his attorney, Lyman L.
Settel, got two extensions of time to answer.
Finally, Tomlinson told his lawyer that he had
sworn to were untrue. worn to were untrue.

Learning this, Settel made overtures to Mr.

Learning this. Settel made overtures to Mr. Andrews a storners looking to a discontinuance of the suit and a relinquishment of all claims for damages, providing Tordinson would make an acknowledgment over his own signature, properly attested, that he had sworn to a lie. Mr. Andrews refused to make any terms with Tomlinson. Tomlinson was told that if he cared tamake a disclaimer of his sworn statement he might do so. Mr. Andrews would then take whaterer course he chose. On Aug. 24 Tomlinson made the following statement: on made the following statement

Is William S. Andrews, Esq. hu: The slanderous words alleged in the complaint

macerning you are hereby withdrawn and absolutely Horrover, the statements I made before the Levon committee in November, 1894, as well as those made afore the Board of Officers of the Loyal Legion, that Itald you money to influence your action as a Commissioner of Excise, were untrue and the same as

I made the statements originally because I was ingry, and I have since regretted and do now regret

my action in the premises.

It is impossible for me to defend the suit you have brought against me without repeating before a jury and attempting to maintain the charges which I now

advised by him to write and ask you to consent to discontinuance of your action against me upon the exnowledgment that the charges I made against you

Ibelieve that you have no other nurnose in bring ing this suit than to vindicate yourself, and that this matement, now voluntarily made, will accomplish

hat as fully as would a trial of the action. I hope you will grant my request and discontinue Misaction, Respectfully, New York, Aug. 24, 1896.

ate of New York, city and county of New York, as:

On the Fith day of August, 1896, before me per-maily appeared Edgar M. Tomiliason, to me known alknown to me to be the individual described in ad who signed the foregoing letter in the foregoing suited action and acknowledged to me that he sped and delivered the same for the purposes brein mentioned and that the statements in such etter contained are true.

Commissioner of Deeds. When Mr. Andrews had received this state-When Mr. Andrews had received this state-beat he was advised by his attorneys to dis-catione tie suit, as he had obtained all he said ever hope to get. Mr. Andrews refused bdo this until he could satisfy himself that he said not have Fomiliason prosecuted for per-lay, Mr. Putzel of Hose & Putzel said yester-day atternoon that Mr. Andrews had been in-lemmed by the District Attorney's office that, wing to the peculiar construction of the act which created the Lexow committee and gave after power under which it acted, it was impos-table to procecute successfully for perjury a wit-pes, who had foresworn himself before it, earning this, Mr. Andrews consented to with-taw the suit, and an order of withdrawal was led with Justice Beekman of the Supreme Court yesterday.

yesterday. was ready to withdraw his charges tied to the Loyal Legion for reinstate. He was informed that reinstatement possible so long as the charges of mis-lating money aloys or any the charges of mispropriating money stood against him, dreas now proposes to begin action against è persons who made that charge, and, his sperasay, is will have no difficulty in dis-wing it as he now has evidence in hand to our its fasit.

the story told by Mr. Andrews's ding to the story told by Mr. Andrews's Francristy, Tomlinson has an old and fronge against Mr. Andrews. It appears Mr. Andrews discharged bim from at a schief inspector of Exfinameterory. After his discharge sin applied for employment in the Post and save Andrews as a reference. In freezommending the man, Andrews a strong letter against him. Tomlinson or the took job, The investigation by the committee gave him the opportunity to are and he went to Goff with the story by

and the main office of the Western Union the main office of the Western Union the Company. He is now attending a for telegraph operators in Pittsburgh.

Sen, Jourdan Has a Fractured Wrist. Gen. James Jourdan, President and receiver

Sthe Kings County Elevated Railroad, is conhad to his home at Tompkinsville, S. I., with a factured wrist. He sustained the injury on Pareday last by slipping on the tracks of the Anglithand Railroad near the Manhattan ave-ss bridge.

LIED ABOUT W. S. ANDREWS FOUND DROWNED IN THE HARLEM. Carpenter Keiser and a Cherokee Cinb Ex-

cursionies Meet the Same Pate. The bolies of two drowned men were recovered from the Harlem River by the police yes

terday. They first was found about 5 A. M. in shallow water at the foot of East 100th street. While the body was being taken to the East 10 ith street station in a patrol wagon a 10year-old boy jumped on the step and took a hurried look at the face. "Oh, papa! It's my papa," he cried, and then

fell to weeping so violently that it was some time before the police could quiet him enough to tell shere he lived. Finally they learned that the dead man was Xavier Keiser, a carpenter, who had lived with his wife and two children at 1,950 Second avenue. He was in the habit of picking up driftwood along the river front after he finished his day's work. His wife said he left home about 9 o'clock Monday night, saying he had seen a log at the foot

day night, saying he had seen a log at the foot of the street that would last them two weeks or more for firewood, and he meant to get it. He failed to return, and when she saw the patrol wagon sie feared her husband had been drowned, and she sent her son Gustave to make inquiry.

It it is not not seen the second drowned man at the foot of East Ninety-first street about 6 A. M. He proved to be John Fulham, a plumber, 43 years old, who lived at 431 East Seventy-sixth street. He went to the excursion of the Cherokee Club to College Point on the steamer Cephus on Monday. The boat left the foot of East Eighty-sixth street with 2,000 persons aboard. Returning, it found the tide too strong to steam against, and a landing was made at the foot of East Ninety-first street. There was a rush for the shore when the gangplank was thrown out, and some of the more reckless of the passengers jumped ashore.

There were no cuts on the dead man's head, and it is believed that he tried to jump abore missed his footing, and, striking his head against a splie, was thus drowned. The body was identified by his son, Henry A. Fulham.

EFFORT TO PREVENT LYNCHINGS.

Italy Watching the Cases of Her Subjects

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8 .- The Italian Government is evidently suspicious of Louisiana in the matter of lynching, and has instructed it representatives to look after all Italians confined in Louisiana jails and see that they are not lynched. Rocco Bonura was arrested last week in Layou Goula, 30 miles above Halyville, charged with the nurrer of Mrs. Landry and a murderous assault on her niece, Miss Hebert, last spring. The Italian Government was informed at once of the arrest. Baron de Fava telegraphed to Charles Panini, the Italian Consul at New Orleans,

rest. Baron de Fava telegraphed to Charles, to watch the case carefully and see that Bonura was not lynched. Bonura was brought to New Orleans as soon as arrested to avoid a lynching and has remained here ever since.

Bayou Goula is within the region where there have been many Italian assessinations. It having been announced that Bonura was to be taken to the Bayou Goula fail last night, and a further rumor prevailing that upon his arrival there he would be promptly lynched, Consul Paphi yesterday protested by telegraph to Gov. Foster against the transfer of the prisonet. For two days a Bayou Goula constable has been here trying to get the prisoner for its of the murder. No reply has yet been received by Consul Paphii from Gov. Foster. Sheriff Unlacke of New Orleans prison nas retused to surrender the prisoner to the Iberville authorities until the heceastry protesticus hive been taken to prevent lynching.

A number of other Italians are expected to be arrested to-night in Bayou Goula for complicity in the Landry merder, and Consul Papiil is ordered by his Government to take every precaution to prevent any of them from being lynched.

LIVELY TIMES WITH THE WHALERS.

Many Besertions from the Fleet and Sharp Pursuits with Quas, NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 8 .- Letters received in this city on Sunday from the Arctic whaling fleet in winter quarters at Herschell

Island report an unusually thrilling experience in the winter and spring. There were thirteen ships there, with a total colony of about 500 souls. Early in the fail reports of rich finds of gold in the Yukon Valley created discontent among the crews, and desertions followed as early as November. In the first attempt two Germans ran away to walk to five days after the start. In January seven

five days after the start. In January seven more descrited, but were pursued and overtaken. Four were brought back in irons, but three escaped in a pitched battle with rifles.

About the middle of March twelve more descrited and were pursued by twenty officers and sailors. The descriters piliaged the native settlements and terrorized the Indians, who fied to the ficet for protection. On March 17 the pursuers overtook them, and a battle ensued in which forty or fifty shots were exchanged. The pursuet was then given up.

Soon after, the descriters devastated Hoffman's trading camp, which was in charge of a single Indian. On hearing of the affair Hoffman pursued with ten Indians, overtook the robbers, and a battle followed. One of the descriters, said to be named Kennedy, was killed, and one fataily wounded. The rest of the party surrendered, but only six were taken back to the ships in irons, as the others managed to escape on the way. The fleet was reported in excellent condition in May.

HER BODY FAST TO THE ENGINE. She and Her Brother-in-law Killed-Horses Stripped of Harness but L'aburt,

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 8 .- James Cunningham and his sister-in-law, Margaret Cunningham, while driving across the Ontario and Western tracks at Crawford Junction at 4 o'clock this afternoon were struck by a train running sixty miles an hour, and were killed instantly. The harness was stripped completely from the horses, which escaped uninjured. The wagon was splintered to kindling wood. The woman was thrown on the cowcatcher of the engine, and she remained there until the train

was stopped, half a mile from where the acci-dent occurred. The body was wedged in so that it could be removed only with the greatest difficoind be removed only with the greatest discussive.

Engineer Harvey Moore was so overcome that he was compelled to leave his engine on arriving at this city. A baby's cap was found near where the accident occurred, but a search has failed to reveal that a child was killed.

The couple came to this city with a load of produce, and Cunningham, before starting for home, became drunk. When killed he was running his horses in an attempt to pass in front of the train. He was a well-to-do farmer.

IRISH-AMERICANS TO PROTEST.

A Mass Meeting to Denounce England's Treatment of Political Prisoners.

The joint committee of the Amnesty Association and the Political Prisoners' Fund Asso ciation met last night in the parior of the Hotel Metropole to complete arrangements for a mass meeting to be held to this city to protest against the treatment of Irish political prisoners in English prisons. Gen. James R. O'Beirne presided.

It was decided to postpone fixing the date of the meeting until it should be definitely ascerthe meeting until it should be definitely ascer-tained when Albert G. Whitehead will arrive in this country. He is expected next Wednesday. Gen. O'Beirne, Capt. E. T. McCrystal, William Lyman, Stephen McFarland, M. H. Carew, P. J. McNulty, and Dr. J. T. C. O'Denchue were appointed a committee to receive Whitehead and John Daly, who is expected to arrive from Havre next week. It was decided that formal application should be made for the committeent of Dr. Gallanher be made for the commitment of Dr. Gallagher to the asylum at Amityville, where he was sent

GALLAGHER IN A STRAITJACKET. The Liberated frishman's Lucid Intervals

without commitment papers.

AMITYVILLE, I., I., Sept. 8 .- In the care of several friends, Dr. Thomas Galtagher, who was recently liberated from an English prison, arimmediately conveyed to a private sanitarium. The excitement of his journey had somewhat aggravated his malady, and it was found necessary to resort to a straitjacket to restrain his violence. His lucid intervals are rare, and Dr. Wilsey, who is in charge of the institute, is unable at present to say whether the disease is acute or chronic. rived in this village late last evening and was

EAGER TO LASSO WATSON

POPULISTS AND POPOCRATS IN DESPAIR OVER HIS DOINGS.

Butler Tried to Stop Him Before He Be gan, but Couldn't, and Now Consternstion Prevails in the Allied Hendquar ters-" Too Much Watson" the Cry.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 .- Tom Watson, whom the Popocrats call a firebrand, is causing great trouble in the Popocratic household. The salf willed Georgian refuses to be subdued by plead ings or promises, but continues to drop self-igniting matches among Popocratic combustibles as he travels down the middle of the road His demand that Sewall shall be withdrawn from the Popocratic ticket is no longer re garded as the wild raving of a vain and am bitious demagogue, and the Popocratic man agers already curse the day when they con cluded to sleep two in a bed with the Populists

for this campaign only. Senator Jones, the Chairman of the Nationa Committee, honestly expressed his opinion and the opinion of a majority of the Democratic party when he denounced the Populists at the beginning of the campaign. There never had been an hour since Bryan ran away with the nomination at Chicago when there was the slightest prospect of harmony between the Democrate and the Populists in the Southern

It was stated in these despatches last week that the managers of Mr. Bryan's canvass objected to turning Watson loose in the Western States, and it is understood that Senator Butler, who is supposed to have charge of the Populistic headquarters, was induced to proceed to Georgia and endeavor to curb the restless and inflammable Watson. His mission was a failure, for Watson appears to be more rampant now than before his interview with Butler. Nearly all of the veteran campaigners on duty at Pop ocratic headquarters have insisted from the very beginning of the contest that the Popullsts were not playing a fair game with the advocates of Bryan and Sewall. When the headquarters of the two parties were established under the same roof wise heads predicted that the one roof was not large enough to shelter two such contrary political families. Represenative Richardson of Tennessee, who was sent by Senator Jones to look after the interests of the National Committee in this city, put up for one week under the same roof with Butler and his populistic associates, but he positively refused to hold any personal communication with the young Senator from North Carolina It was because of his refusal to associate with

with the young Senator from North Carolina. It was because of his refusal to associate with Senator Butler that the Tennessean was transferred to Chicago and a substitute was sent here to preside over the Washington branch of the Popocratic National Committee.

It was impossible to induce any of the leaders at Popocratic headquarters to let themselves be quoted as to Tom Watson's speech, but the opinion freely expressed was that the speech of the Georgian was not calculated to help him or his party. His threats about beating Bryan if Sewall was not withdrawn are regarded as not the proper talk from a man who professes to be so devoted to the cause of silver. Instead of a statesmanlike argument on the issues of the day, the politicians assert, Watson's speech was a tirade against the Popocratic nomines for Vice-President. It is argued that if he desired the assistance of Democrats in the South, he took the worst course. If he desired to impress upon the country the justice of the Populist claim to the Vice-Presidency, it is argued, he should have appealed to reason and not to prejudice. These and many more things are said among silver men of all parties around the headquarters here. At Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. The Populish beadquarters the speech has been anything else than pleasing to the managers. From Watson and omit all ex

From Watson's point of view he is bigger than the party.

Senator Butler was asked to-day for his opinion of the speech of the Georgian, and this is what he said:

"The sentiments in Mr. Watson's speech as to the justness of the Populist contention that the party is entitled to the Vice-Presidency, show the feeling among the Southern Populists on that subject. There is a strong feeling in the South that there should be a cooperative the South that there should be a cooperative the South that there should be a cooperative ticket. I mean by this that there should be a ticket composed of men who fully share each other's views on the great issues of the day, and stand together in every way as representing the masses of the people. In Bryan and Watson there is a cooperative ticket. It is a better silver ticket than Bryan and Sewall. I believe that half the Democrats are satisfied that a mistake was made in nominating Sewall. His ryan and Sewall.

nocrats are satisfied that a mistake was made in nominating Sewali

that half the Democrats are satisfied that a mistake was made in nominating Sewali. His nomination was not expected after the platform had been adopted. I think it will be admitted on every side that the Populist party is entitled to the Vice-Presidency.

"I am not prepared, however, to believe that Mr. Watson is correctly reported in several things sent out to the newspapers. For instance, I do not believe that he is correctly reported in saving that if Sewali is not withdrawn Bryan will be beaten, because it is a principle of the People's party to put patriotism above party. He certainly did not make a threat McKinley and the gold standard must be defeated. Mr. Watson feels as earnest about this as any American voter can. I know that the party feels that it is entitled to more consideration, and I believe it will get it. I don't believe that Mr. Watson will say anything which would create discord or leopardize the chances of sliver in this campsign. I am confident that the Populist party can be depended on to defeat McKinley if it is in their power to do so. The People's party was formed not simply for the purpose of putting a new organization in the field, but as a means to advance and enact vertain principles into law. organization in the field, but as a means to advance and enact vertain principles into law. Therefore the chief desire of all true Populists is to see these principles enacted into law in the quickest and surest way. The men who compose the party have already made great sarrices for these principles, and if no one else makes sacrifices sufficient to make success certain and restore prosperity the party that brought these issues to the front can be depended on to do so."

KILLED BY A HORSE CAR. A Plumber Crushed While Working in s

Trench in First Avenue. Robert Burns, a plumber, employed as fore man by the Standard Gas Light Company, was crushed to death under a First avenue horse car at Ninety-sixth street yesterday morning Workmen had dug a trench extending under the car tracks to lay service plus from the gas main to a new flat on the southwest corner of Ninety-sixth street and First avenue. The and letting the cars run over the opening by their own momentum, the conductors manag-ing the brake, while the drivers ran ahead with the teams.

was at work in the shallow trench Burns was at work in the shallow trench when a car came along with Conductor William J. tio. Ins at the brake. It was within four feet of the opening when Bu.ns rose up in the trench with his back to the car. Conductor Goggins should a warning and put on the brakes, but before the car could be stopped it ran upon Burns, bent him over the railroad tles and killed him. Conductor Goggins was arrested.

HANGED FOR KILLING A GIRL Wheeler Pays the Pennity of His Crime Before Daybreak

DIGBY, N. S., Sept. 8.—Peter D. Wheeler was hanged here at 2:30 o'clock this morning for the murder of Annie Kempton, a 15-year-old girl. The execution was to take place between 2 A. M. and S A. M., and when Sheriff Van Blarcone last night heard reports that a large body of desperate men were on their way to Digby from Bear River, determined to witness the hanging Bear River, determined to witness the hanging if they had to tear down the jail to do so, he decided that the hanging should occur before daylight. Wheeler's last words were:

"I killed Annie Kempton and I will pay the penalty. I suppose it's ail right. I have taken one life for the devil and will now give my own life for Jesus's sake. Lord, I san coming."

The next moment the weight fell. His neck was instantly broken. The body was allowed to hang twenty-six minutes.

Wheeler confessed that he killed Annie Kempton at night, after she had made a desperate resistance. She was alone in the bouse, her father having gone some miles away to work.

Hon. Warner Miller and T. V. Powderly will spink at Cooper Union to-morrow (Thursday) night. - Adv

TIED HER HAND AND FOOT. A Robber Leaves Miss Hoffman Unconscions After a Struggle.

WEST WINSTED, Conn., Sept. 8.-One of the boldest daylight robberies in northwestern Connecticut occurred here this afternoon at the ome of Robert Hoffman, at the corner of Oak and Beach streets, in the northern part of the town. Two diamond rings and a gold watch are missing, and Mary, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hoffman, Is dying. The robber made good his escape. Miss Hoffman was found in a hallway on the first floor by her brother Francis. She was bound hand and foot and was unconscious. Beside her lay a slungshot made of a piece of black callco with a small stone enclosed in one end. After the Hoffman family had finished dinner this noon all the members, with the exception of Mary and Francis, left home. Hoffman went to the factory of the Gilbert Clock Company, where he is employed. Mrs. Hoffman went to visit a sick neighbor, and the children went to school. Francis worked about the garden until shortly before 3 o'clock, when he entered the house for a drink of water. As he passed the threshold he heard a mosn. He went to the hallway and found his sister lying on the floor with her bands securely fastered with a piece of rope and her feet tied with a leather hands and the security fastered with a piece of rope and her feet tied with a leather

Occasionally the girl would murmur:
"Don't take my rings; my father's papers are "Don't take my rings; my father's papers are no good to you."

Francis notified the neighbors, who summoned a physician. No marks of violence were found on the cirl's body, but the physicians say her condition is critical to-night. Mrs. Edwin Balley, who lives nearly opposite the Hoffman house, says she saw a man with a red moustache and dark hair leave the Hoffman house about 2:30 P. M. and drive away in a northerly direction with another stranger. The man must have been frightened away, for the stairway leading to the cellar was strewn with sliverware.

RUN DOWN BY A FERRYROAT. One Man Drowned in Hell Gate, and the Other Badly Used Up.

John Brown of 71 Seventh street, this city, and Victor Smits of 283 Jackson avenue, Long Island City, who were returning home from a fishing trip, were upset on Monday by the ferryboat Bowery Bay, which plies between East Ninety-second street and Astoria. Brown was drowned. Smits says the tide was so strong when they got opposite the Astoria ferry slip that they couldn't manage the boat. The Bowery Bay, bound to Astoria, bore down on

Bowery Bay, bound to Astoria, bore down on them.

Smits got up in the boat and yelled, and Capt. Collins blew his whistle. Brown, who was standing, was knocked overboard by the ferry-boat's overhanging guard. He couldn't swim and disappeared. The rowboat was drifting against the paddle wheel of the Howery Bay. Smits declares, when, fearful of being hit by the wheel, he jumped overboard.

The boat was upset, and Smits clung to it. He says the Bowery Bay went into her Astoria slip, leaving him struggling in the water.

"Finally," Smits says. "the ferryboat pulled out of her slip on her return trip. When the boat passed they saw me, and a deck hand threw me a line, telling me I'd betowel to New York. The line wasn't long enough to the to at, and I had to hold it. A life preserver was tossed into the boat also. The strain on my arms was terrible. My arms ached and then grew numb. At last the line dropped from my hands. The tide took me astore on Hisckwell's Island. My cries brought a keeper to the spot, and he took me to the hospital building, where I was put to bed."

MR. HILL GOES TO THE SEA AGAIN. Last Breathing Spell Before the Buffato Convention.

Senator Hill came down from Albany yesterday, was a short time at the Hotel Normandle. and went on to Normandie-by-the-sea. This is Senator Hill's last resting spell before the Democratic State Convention at Buffalo next Wednesday. Already three members of the State Committee have resigned because of the State Committee have resigned because of the drift of the State organization toward Bryan and the Chicago platform. A number of other sound-money committeemen will have nothing whatever to do with the State organization if it endorses Bryan and the Chicago platform at Buffalo. They will refuse to accept reflection as members of the State Committee. All Democrats in the State are looking forward to this Convention with more than ordinary interest. The sound-mokey Democrats are to have their State Convention in the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Sept. 24.

MES. SIX NO. 6.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Sept. 8. Mrs. Grace Six, who claims to be the sixth living wife of Allen Six, well known in southwest Missouri and contheast Kansas, arrived here yesterday after a drive of thirty-three miles, and caused the arrest of her busband on the charge of bigamy. He was found in hiding, and last evening was secretly taken from jail and driven to Girard, Crawford county, to prevent his release by wives, are interested in the prosecution. They say he has four other wives, two of whom lives in Michigan. Mrs. Six No. 6 attached his jew-elry and trunks and his carriage team. She followed him to Girard last evening to prose-cute him.

STRUCK MRS. DUNCAN C. ROSS.

The Athlete's Wife Assented in an Ant

Street Cafe. While Duncan C. Ross, the athlete, his wife and several Scotch friends were having refreshments in Finlayson's café in Ann street last night, a young man, whom none of the party knew, entered the saloon. After addressing an insulting remark to Mrs. Ross, he approached her and struck her in the face, causing blood to flow.

Before Ross could get at him Policeman Courtney appeared and arrested the assailant of Mrs. Ross. When taken to the Oak street station he described himself as Joseph McCoy, 27 years old, of Syracsse, N. Y. Mrs. Ross, after being attended by an ambulance surgeon, was able to go home.

THE ESCAPE PIPE WAS STOPPED. And the Wilkman Family Had to Seek a

New Home. When Solomon Wilkman and his family got back to their home at 244 Garfield place, Brooklyn, on Monday, after a two months' sojourn in the country, they found the house deluged. A week ago one of Mr. Wilkman's sons visited the house, and following his father's directions turned on the faucets. He left in a hurry before discovering that the escape pipe was stopped. There was consequently a full flow of water from nearly a dozen faucets through the house for six days, and the walls, ceilings, and furniture were so badly drenched that the family had to seek other quarters.

A WOMAN FOUND DROWNED.

Rubics and Turquoises on Her Fingers and " L. T." Marked on Her Skirt.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 8. - The body of a well-dressed woman was found floating in the water near Byram Bridge on Sunday morning by an early hunter who was looking for ducks. The woman was about 15 years of age. On her fingers were a plain gold ring and one having four stones, two rubies, and two turquoises. The letters "L. T." were marked on her skirt and handkerchief."

St. Louis's Fast Trip East.

The American liner St. Louis, which passed Southampton, will probably beat her beat eastwant time of 0 days 13 hours and 25 minutes.

Allowing her eight hours to cover the distance between the Lizard and the Needles, her time this trip will be d days and ab ut 12 hours. The Fuerst Biamarck holds the castward record on the Southampton route. It is 6 days 10 hours and 55 minutes.

A War Veteran Choked to Benth NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 8, -William W.

Alston, aged 60 years, of this city, was eating linner with his family at his home in Sommerset sireet when a piece of food became wedged in his throat. He gave a long look at his daugh-ter, who was scated opposite him, and feli from his chair. Efforts to dislodge the food were futile, and Alston was choked to death. He was a veteran of the war, having served in the First Cavalry.

RETURNS FROM ARKANSAS.

POPOCRATIC PLURALITY ESTIMAT-ED NOW AT ONLY \$2,000.

The Republican Vote Has Increased Fully 20,000 - Chairman Cooper of the Repub Henne Gives Rensons for the Charges He Made of Extensive France in the State

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. S. Returns of yesterday's election received at Republican head quarters from Washington, Woodruff, Carroll, Lonoke, Crawford, Jackson, Pulaski, Quachita, Sebastian, White, and Desha counties show net Republican gain of 4,201 over the vote of two years ago. These figures, if maintained throughout the

State, will increase the Republican vote over

1894 20,000, and place the entire vote for the

Republican ticket at 46,000, an increase of 23 per cent. Returns from Prairie, Drew, Ashley, Washington, Crawford, Greene, Desha, Independence, Cleveland, Ocachita, Bradley, Jackson, and Johnson received at Democratic headquarters show a loss to the Democracy of 3,385. On this

plurality of 52,000, estimating that 140,000 votes were cast. All State, district, county, and township off cers were voted for, including one half of the State Senators and 100 members of the popular branch of the Legislature. This Legislature will elect a successor to Senator James K. Jones, who will have no opposition in his party.

basis Jones, Popocrat for Governor, will have a

White county, the birthplace of the Populists, has gone Democratic, while Newton, Searcy, and Madison have rolled up their usual Republican majorities for legislative and county offi-

Chairman Cooper made the following signed statement for the press to-night, "The Election law plainly directs that the judges of election shall not all be of the same political party, and when the Democratic election commissioners, against the earnest protest of Republicans, an pointed Democrats election judges exclusively in over twenty counties of this State in viola tion of law, it was well understood that fraud was intended.

"I do not hesitate to say that the appointment of these Democractic judges and refusal to ap-point one Republican cost the Republican ticket thousands of votes and added to the Democratic vote.

"The Democratic morning paper here has telegram from Woodruff county saying that county gave a Democratic majority 1,000. Now the registered vote of this county is about 2,284, of which 1,137 are colored, and 1,147 white voters. It is perfeetly apparent that outrageous frauds have been perpetrated in this county. The the judges were all Democrats, and appointed for a purpose, kept thousands of Republicans from the polls, fearing their votes would be counted for the Democratic ticket. Gov. Clark admits that in a number of counties the Democratic Commissioners appointed none but Democratic judges, and he is at a loss to snow why they did this, especially in his home county of Phillips.

"That will be the question asked by every honest man. If it was intended to have a fair election, why not put one Republican judge in each precinct, as the law requires. Notwithstanding all these frauds, I estimate the vote of Remmel, the Republican candidate for Governor, as increased 50 per cent, over his vote in 1804. The silver question has not increased the Democratic vote or decreased the Republican vote in this State."

CHAIRMAN JONES JUBILANT.

"Arkausas Shows the Way to Bryan's CHICAGO, Sept. 8.-Everybody at Popocratic National Headquarters was jubilant to-day

over the election news from Arkansas. Chair-

man Jones said : "I was entirely unprepared for what seems to have been the result. Despatches which I have received from the Chairman of the State Committee and from leading newspaper men of the State would indicate a majority of from 65,000 to 70,000. I attribute the tremendous majority mainly to the interest in bimetallism and the free coinage of silver. A large number of Republicans have voted our ticket straight. Some counties which have niways showed Re-

oublican majorities have in this election given Democratic majorities. I believe the great body of Populists have voted the straight Democratic of Populists have voted the straight Democratic ticket.

The result in Arkansas shows plainly to me that all classes of the people in the West and South are interested in this question as they have never been in any political question for the last twenty-flev rears. I look on the result in Arkansas as merely the forcrunner of what may reasonably be expected throughout the entire South and West, just as the result in Vermout may be considered as an indication of what may be expected in New England, Arkansas shows the way to Bryan's certain victory."

Chairman Jones's views were expressed before the late returns were received. the late returns were received

DID NO WORK IN ARKANSAS.

Chairman Babcock of the Congress Com mittee Sent No Literature There. WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 .- Chairman Babcock

of the Republican Congress Committee said to day on the Arkansas election: "An enormous vote in Arkansas was to be expected, for every one knows that the vote of that and other Southern States that might be named depends more upon the activity of the named depends more upon the activity of the returning leard than upon the number of ballots cast. We made no effort to do anything there. There were many requests for literature, but we denied them and declined to throw away powder where it would do no good. The task would have been hopeless, and we could only inform our Republican and sound-money friends down there that the cause required us to use our efforts in other and more fruitful soil. No majority, however large, would have caused any surprise among Republicans of the North."

CHAIRMAN BUTLER NOT ELATED The Popocratic Plurality in Arkansas, He

Says, Is Not Significant. WASHINGTON, Sept. S.-Chairman Butler of the Populist Committee said that the vote in Arkansas was similar to that in Vermont. A large vote was to have been anticipated in both States, for the interest in the campaign would naturally bring out all of the stay at homes of the previous election. Beyond the fact that the vote showed a lively interest in the issues of the day, he said it was of no particular significance and neither the vote in Arkansas nor that it Vermont ought to be accepted as conclusive testimony.

In Vermiont he said there was no difference in
the platforms of the parties, and in Arkansas
the increase in the majority did not appear to
be out of proportion to the increase in the total

Robbed and Bound to a Tree.

AMESBURY, Mass., Sept. 8. On Sunday night some people passing through the woods between Kingston, N. H., and Brentwood heard cries for help and found a man bound to a tree who proved to be a Hebrew pack peddler named John Zynosai, who had been held up by two tramps and robbel of about \$10 in money and then bound to the tree, where he had remained in the rain several hours.

Fire on the Tug C. E. Evarts The tug C. E. Evarts, owned by the Lewis

Pulver Towing Company of this city, was gutted last evening by fire at the docks of the Fietcher Iron Works in Hoboken, where she had been lying for two weeks having a new boiler but in. The work was all completed and she was ready to leave the dock. A Street Configuration in Brooklyn There was a big blaze yesterday afternoon in

front of Mr. Farley's bed and bedding store in Third and Hoyt streets, Brooklyn, caused the burning up of 150 bales of excelsior. The stuff had only been delivered at the store a few moments when the blaze occurred. It was all TILLMAN'S MAN BEATEN.

Evans Loves to Judge Earls in the Senate

ship, Race in South Caroling COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 8 .- At midnight the returns from to-day's primary election to select a Popocratic nominee for United States Sepator to be voted for in the coming Legislature indicated the election of Judge Earle over Gov. Evans by from 8,000 to 10,000 majority.

At the primary election two weeks ago there was no choice. At that time there were three candidates. Gov. Evans led a little in the race The two highest candidates fought it out today, and Evans seems to be badly beaten. He was Tillman's protégé in politics. His defeat is a virtual defeat for Tillman inside the latter's own organization.

The people resented Tillman's dictation, and as quarrels in the "Reform" ranks revealed, on the eve of the primary, corruption in the management of the State liquor dispensary in which Evans was implicated, there has been a general revulsion of feeling, in consequence of which Judge Earle is almost certainly nominated to the Senate.

Up to 1 o'clock to-night, out of a total vote of 57,000 reported, Earle has a majority of 12,000. Some strong Evans precincts are yet to be heard from, but the indications are that Earle's majority, in a total vote of 80,000, will not be less than 10,000.

Evana's defeat will be a terrible blow to Tillman and will impair his influence very seriously

Judge Earle is about 50 years of age. He was Attorney-General of the State from 1886 to 1888, ran for Governor against Tillman in 1890, and after his defeat resumed the practice of law, was elected Circuit Judge three years ago, and has since not been identified with either faction of Democratic party. He is a strong advocate of silver, but does not belong to the revolutionary school of which Tillman is a type.

KENTUCKT'S TOLLGATE MOB.

Threat to Burn Down a Town-Armed Men Come to the Bessue.

SPRINGFIELD, Ky., Sept. 8,- The demand for free turnpikes in Washington county of this State has developed a mob which had to be quelled by force, Yesterday the Sheriff went out in the country to arrest the men who shot Tollgate Keeper Wells on Sunday night and riddled his house with bullets. The men, who numbered over fifty, defled the authorities and threatened to burn the town of Springfield if an

attempt was made to arrest them. Yesterday the Sheriff arrested Joe Settle, a member of the mob, and brought him into jail at midnight. Meantime the man's friends got wind of the affair and moved on Springfield, apparently to put the threat to burn the town into execution. The arrest occurred at 6 o'clock. and at 8 o'clock the large tobacco warehouse of P. W. McLaughiin, within a square of the Court House, was in flames,

In a few minutes the streets were alive with men armed to the teeth and determined to give the incendiaries a warm reception if they attempted any further outrages. To-day business was practically suspended and every man was armed. The names of some fifty or sixty participants in the outrages are known and Sheriff Cracroft has organized a posse to capture

SPAIN IN A PREITY MESS. The Gravest Condition of Affairs in the Re-

Madain, Sept. 8.-A special despatch from Hong Kong to the Imparcial says that the com-mander of the British gunboat Redpole has telegraphed from Manila that the gravity of the situation at the capital of the Philippine Islands is such as to oblige him to remain there with his ship. This message indicates that the position at Manila is very serious, though no details are obtainable owing to the rigor of the censorship. Business telegrams have been received at Hong Kong from mercantile correspondents at Manila advising against the shipment of further consignments of goods to the Philippines, and

saying that business there is at a complete standstill. The London Times to-morrow will publish a those who assembled in that Convention. I can despatch from Singapore, saying that the rebellion in the Philippine Islands against Spain is spreading and that the condition of affairs is more serious than the Spanish officials will ad-

TWO SHOTGUNS IN A CELL.

They Were Londed; No Was McCabe, and

He Held Up the Jall for a While FAIRVIEW, N. J., Sept. 8 .- John McCabe held up the authorities of the borough last night with two shotguns. He had matters his own way in the limits of his cell. He celebrated Labor Day taking off his clothes in the street, and was locked up. When Councilman Burdett went into the building to see if McCabe was safe for the night he faced two shotgans poked through the bars of the cell. The Councilman retreated, and nobody ventured near the prisoner until this morning, when McCabe's thirst made a compromise easy. He handed out the guns. Some citizens expressed surprise that guns should be stored in a cell where prisoners are locked up.

IMPROVING THE TELEPHONE.

A Russian Device for the Perfecting of Losg-distance Service.

If he were nominated on a gold standard plating. "I never believed that such action was probable in the lemocratic party, but when those who questioned me were notion was probable in the lemocratic party, but when those who questioned me were notion to me. "I never believed that such action was probable in the lemocratic party, but when those who questioned me were nominated on a gold standard plating. "I never believed that such action was probable in the lemocratic party, but when those who questioned me were nominated on a gold standard plating.

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There is a probable to the party but when those who questioned me were nominated on the lable in the lemoc Labor Day taking off his clothes in the street.

BRYAN AGAIN NOTIFIED.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE SILVER PARTY TELLS RIM THE NEWS IN 6,000 WORDS.

Millions of Red Bugs Attend the Ceremony - When Groot Stops Talking Bryan Tells the Party How Brave It Is and Quotes

McKinley-Sewall, O Where Was Het LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 8.-The National Silver party, through its committee to-night, formally notified Mr. Bryan of his nomination by its Convention at St. Louis. The ceremony took place in the open air on the plaza and lawn in front of Nebraska's State Capitol building.

With the exception of those seated in a few score chairs on the speaker's platform, and directly in front of it, all the audience were stand-

Mr. Bryan did not read his speech in answer to the notification. He made a speech, neither long nor short, without the aid of notes, and was frequently applauded.

The evening procession was late in starting. It was 9 o'clock when the notification proceedings opened. The lights attracted millions of bugs that interfered with the speakers. When Mr. Bryan stepped upon the platform he received an ovation lasting two or three minutes. Chairman George A. Groot's speech of notifieation would fill three columns of THE SUN. It was a tedious rehearsal of all the arguments in

support of unlimited silver coinage. Here are a few specimens of its style and calibre: "John Sherman and others of his ilk say that they want our money to be so good that it will circulate everywhere where money is used, and they declare that no money can do that except such as is made out of gold, and therefore they are in favor of the "gold standard," because gold is the money of the world. There is no money of the world. There never was and never will be any money of the world until all the nations of the earth become consolidated into one nation, a thing that is never

likely to happen. "It is affirmed by those who are in favor of the gold standard that all that is necessary to be done to make the people prosperous is to open the mills and set idle men to work. It may as well be understood, first and last that the mills of this country will never be opened more than they are at present until the mills of this country owned by the Government, in which money is manufactured, are first opened to the free coinage of units of money out of gold and silver at the rate established by the law of 1837, and until they are opened there can be no prosperity, individual or national, in

" As well attempt to run an engine without oil as to do business without money.

"The mints wherein money is made are the most important mills to be kept running in this country, and no man need be alarmed lest there be more money made than the people of this country need in the conduct of their business. Those mills for the past twenty-three years have been practically closed except to those who

country need in the conduct of their business. Those mills for the past twenty-three years have been practically closed except to those who owned and controlled the gold mines of the world."

The last 400 words of the speech are devoted to Mr. Bryan, inform him that he is the chosen candidate of the National Silver party for President, and that a buttle is now being fought which will determine whether this nation shall be "a province of Great Britain, and be governed and controlled as that nation is, by the money barons of Europe, or whother it shall be, as the fathers intended it to be, a free and independent and sovereign nation."

Before Mr. Groot finished speaking the people on the platform were almost enguifed in a decluge of little red buge. Many were compelled to leave.

Mr. Bryan, in his speech of acceptance, said:

"MR. CHARIGMAN, CHARIGMAN OF THE NOTI-FICATION COMMITTEE. AND THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. AND THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. I beg to reply at this time without the formality of a letter. The platform adopted by the Silver Convention contains but one plank, and that blank, the plank upon the money question, or upon the silver question, is identical in substance with the silver plank of the Chicago platform. As I have already discussed at length that plank, and as it will not be necessary to enter into any extended discussion at this time. I beg to assure the committee that I accept the nomination so generously tendered by them on behalf of the Silver party, in the spirit in which that nomination was tendered.

"I can appreciate the feeling which animated those who assembled in that Convention. I can

those who assembled in that Convention. I can appreciate the lesitation with which those assembled there turned their backs upon the party with which they had been associated.

"I know something of the atrencth of parties, and because I was in a position where I looked forward to a possibility of like action on my part. I can appreciate the depths of a conviction that led them to place the interests of their country above the welfare of their party. [Long cheering, shouts of "Good!"]

of "Good!"]
"More than a year ago, when we were engaged in the struggle to bring the Democratio party to an endorsement of free coinage, the question was put to me whether in case of failure I would support the Democratic nomines if he were nominated on a gold standard platform.

we have the experience of history to guide us to Long-distance Service.

Longon, Sept. 8.—The Daily Notes will to morrow publish a despatch from Odessa aaring that M. Kildischewsky, an electrician, has discovered an improvement in the telephone by the use of which distance has no effect upon Moscow and Rostoff on the Don, a distance of Soo miles, taking, music, and singing were heard with perfect distinctness. An ordinary relegraph wire was used. The despatch adds that M. Kildischewsky will go to London to exhibit the service of the M. Kildischewsky will go to London to exhibit the service of the M. Kildischewsky will go to London to exhibit the service of the M. Kildischewsky will go to London to exhibit the service of the Soo miles, taking, music and New York.

MENELEK AGAIN ACTIFE.

Italy Orders Gra. Baldissera to Return to Eviters.

Rome, Sept. 8.—Gen. Baldissera to Return to Eviters.

Rome, Sept. 8.—Gen. Baldissera to Return to Eviters.

Rome, Sept. 8.—Gen. Baldissera, commanding the Italian forces in Africa, has been ordered to freurn to Masowah at once in consequence of the activity of King Mencles, who, with a large the Passage of Vessels.

Kiel. Sept. 8.—The Dake No. With a large population.

NORTH BEA CANAL BLOCKED.

A Ship Sinks at the Extrence and Stope the Passage of Vessels.

Kiel. Sept. 8.—The Docking the passage of vessels into that waterway.

IHE KHALIFA IS NOT DEAD.

The Report of Site Demine is Declared to the death of Khalifa Aduilah, the leader of the Maddist, was untrue.

BUSINESS. Roy. 8.—Actives that have reached here from the Soudan show that the report of the death of Khalifa Aduilah, the leader of the Maddist, was untrue.

Denven, Sept. 8.—The Shirt Huste was nominated yesterday for Gyevenor by the Middle of the Road Populists Name Him for Governor.

Denven, Sept. 8.—Bavis H, Waite was nominated yesterday for Gyevenor by the Middle of the Road Populists Name Him for Governor by the Middle of the Road Populists Name Him for Governor by the Middle of the Road Populist Name Him for Gover